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Recent Data from the Canadian Hospital Pharmacy Residency Matching Service

The national Residency Matching Service was introduced by the Canadian Hospital Pharmacy Residency Board (CHPRB) in 2003 in an effort to provide a single process for assigning residents to residency positions that is efficient, effective, and equitable for all involved. All CHPRB-accredited and accreditation-pending residency programs in pharmacy practice must participate in the CHPRB Residency Matching Service. In addition, 4 nonaccredited programs utilize the Residency Matching Service.

The CHPRB is responsible for establishing the policies of the matching service and for monitoring its implementation and use. This letter serves as an update to data presented in 2007.

Overall, since 2003, more than 1400 candidates have sought residency positions through the Residency Matching Service. The data indicate increasing numbers of residency positions in Canada and of candidates applying for residencies. However, growth in the number of residency programs and

positions has not met the demand for residency positions. In 2003, 70% of applicants (59 of 84) were matched, but this proportion declined to 29% (86 of 296) in 2011 (Table 1).

A provincial breakdown of 2011 data from the Residency Matching Service suggests that the number of applicants in each province is 2 to 3 times greater than the number of residency positions available (Table 2).

By 2015, the profession of hospital pharmacy aims that all new pharmacists entering practice in hospitals and related health care settings will have completed a residency accredited by the CHPRB.² Also, with the addition of a new school of pharmacy in Ontario and an increase in class sizes for existing schools of pharmacy, the demand for residency positions is anticipated to increase in the future. Hospitals and related health care settings are encouraged to start residency programs for pharmacists and to expand existing residency programs to keep up with the larger number of pharmacists graduating each year and to meet our professional goals.

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Table 1. Residency Matching Service of the Canadian Hospital Pharmacy Residency Board: First 9 Years

Variable	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Programs registered	28	29	30	31	29	30	30	31	30
Positions available	61	60	64	71	72	76	80	82	86
Registered candidates	84	80	92	128	151	179	183	213	296
Matched candidates	59	51	62	69	72	76	80	82	86

Table 2. Provincial Breakdown of Matched Candidates

Province	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Unmatched Candidates 2011
Alberta	6	2	6	9	10	10	10	9	9	18
British Columbia	17	14	19	21	19	24	25	24	26	32
Manitoba	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	6
New Brunswick	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	1
Nova Scotia	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7
Ontario	21	27	28	30	31	31	33	36	36	104
Saskatchewan	3	3	4	3	5	5	6	5	6	21
Total	53*	51	62	69	71†	76	80	82	86	189‡

^{*}Six candidates who were matched declined their match.

[†]One candidate who was matched decline the match.

[‡]In addition to the unmatched candidates listed here, there were 13 unmatched foreign candidates, 5 unmatched candidates from the United States, 2 unmatched candidates from Quebec, and 1 unmatched candidate from Newfoundland and Labrador, for an overall total of 210 unmatched candidates.