**Appendix 1:** Brazilian legal and regulatory documents mentioned in the text. All resources are in Portuguese. URLs are accurate as of October 1, 2017.

November 11, 1960	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
November 11, 1960	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1
	www.planalto.gov.br/ccivil_03/leis/L3820.htm
August 24, 1966	www.planalto.gov.br/ccivil_03/leis/L5081.htm
June 25, 1986	www.planalto.gov.br/ccivil_03/leis/L7498.htm
September 19, 1990	www.planalto.gov.br/ccivil_03/leis/L8080.htm
-	www.planalto.gov.br/ccivil_03/leis/1989_1994/L8234.htm
-	www.planalto.gov.br/ccivil_03/leis/L9394.htm
	http://portalarquivos.saude.gov.br/images/pdf/2014/fevereiro/26/lei10858.pdf
•	www.planalto.gov.br/ccivil_03/_ato2004-2006/2004/lei/l10.861.htm
•	www.planalto.gov.br/ccivil_03/_Ato2004-2006/2005/Lei/L11129.htm
-	www.planalto.gov.br/ccivil_03/_Ato2007-2010/2009/Lei/L11903.htm
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	http://bvsms.saude.gov.br/bvs/saudelegis/gm/2007/prt0204_29_01_2007_comp.html
-	http://bvsms.saude.gov.br/bvs/saudelegis/svs/1998/prt0344_12_05_1998_rep.html
· ·	http://bvsms.saude.gov.br/bvs/saudelegis/gm/2008/prt1559_01_08_2008.html
-	http://bvsms.saude.gov.br/bvs/saudelegis/gm/2007/prt1625_10_07_2007.html
- •	http://bvsms.saude.gov.br/bvs/saudelegis/gm/2011/prt2488_21_10_2011.html
	http://bvsms.saude.gov.br/bvs/saudelegis/gm/2010/prt4279_30_12_2010.html
December 30, 2010	11ttp://0101101.0utdec.go/10110101010101010101010101010101010101
January 11 1932	www.planalto.gov.br/ccivil_03/decreto/1930-1949/D20931.htm
-	www.planalto.gov.br/ccivil_03/decreto/1980-1989/D94406.htm
	www.planato.gov.bi/ectvii_05/decreto/1700 1707/1271100.html
	http://portal.mec.gov.br/index.php?option=com_docman&view=download&alias=
2015	17476-nt-n386-2013-rep-regularidade-instiuicoes&category_slug=maio-2015-
	pdf&Itemid=30192
ccões)	<u> </u>
	www.cff.org.br/userfiles/file/resolucoes/467.pdf
	www.cff.org.br/userfiles/file/resolucoes/477.pdf
· ·	www.cff.org.br/userfiles/file/resolucoes/546.pdf
- •	www.cff.org.br/userfiles/file/resolucoes/555.pdf
	www.cff.org.br/userfiles/file/resolucoes/581.pdf
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_	www.cff.org.br/userfiles/file/resolucoes/585.pdf
_	www.cff.org.br/userfiles/file/noticias/Resolu%C3%A7%C3%A3o586_13.pdf
_	www.cff.org.br/userfiles/file/resolucoes/357.pdf
*	www.cfn.org.br/novosite/pdf/res/2000_2004/res304.pdf
	www.cfn.org.br/novosite/pdf/res/2007/res402.pdf
	http://portal.mec.gov.br/cne/arquivos/pdf
10014417 17, 2002	/CES022002.pdf
November 21, 2008	http://bvsms.saude.gov.br/bvs/saudelegis/anvisa/2008/res0087_21_11_2008.html
	www.crefito3.org.br/dsn/pdfetica/Res%20Coffito%20380-2010%20-%20Pr%
	C3%A1ticas%20Integrativas.pdf
_	http://cfo.org.br/wp-content/uploads/2010/02/180809_rdc_44.pdf
September 22, 2005	http://coffito.gov.br/nsite/wp-content/uploads/2016/08/resoluo-rdc-n-269-2005-ingesto-diria-recomendada-idr-de-protenas-vitaminas-e-minerais.pdf
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1	September 17, 1991 December 20, 1996 April 13, 2004 April 14, 2004 June 30, 2005 January 14, 2009 August 8, 2014  IS, Ministério da Saúde) January 29, 2007 May 12, 1998 August 1, 2008 July 10, 2007 October 21, 2011 December 30, 2010  January 11, 1932 June 8, 1987  Ita técnica) / 2013  In Wovember 28, 2007 May 28, 2008 July 21, 2011 November 30, 2011 August 29, 2013 April 20, 2001 February 26, 2003 July 30, 2007 February 19, 2002  November 21, 2008 November 3, 2010  August 17, 2009

CFF = Conselho Federal de Farmácia, CFN = Conselho Federal de Nutricionistas, CNE/CES = Conselho Nacional de Educação / Câmara de Educação Superior, CNS = Conselho Nacional de Saúde, COFFITO = Conselho Federal de Fisioterapia e Terapia Ocupacional, RDC = Resolução da Diretoria Colegiada.

Appendix 2 (part 1 of 3): Extract from competency matrix for clinical pharmacist practice. © 2016 Brazilian Federal

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Competency Area and Key Actions	Skills/Performance/Tasks
3.1: Competency area: Family and	
community care	
Identify and evaluate community	Identify and interview key informants
health demand	Use and analyze data from available health services information systems, as well as the health demands
	met and not met
	Define, estimate, and interpret health indicators
	Conduct studies of epidemiological surveillance, use of medicines, and pharmacovigilance
	Identify patient safety-related risks, aiming at the development of preventive and corrective actions
	Provide situational diagnosis of health
Plan, execute, and evaluate public health actions	Plan, execute and evaluate actions in line with public policy
	Identify, evaluate, and apply information in evidence-based health to help decision-making process
	Develop and/or participate in the promotion, protection, and recovery of health, and the prevention
	of diseases and other health problems in the home environment, at work, or in the territory/community, such as tracking activities, health education, patient safety and the rational use of medicines, vaccination campaigns, among others
	Develop intersectoral actions, integrating projects and social support networks focused on the
	development of comprehensive care
	Perform active search for and notification of diseases and reportable diseases, as well as other health
	problems and situations of local importance
	Develop clinical and therapeutic protocols, standard operating procedures, and other documents
	Participate in commissions, committees, and councils (technical / social control)
	Promote and/or participate in audits of processes
	Develop actions in pharmacovigilance, technical surveillance, and hemovigilance
	Build partnerships with other stakeholders in order to collude, agree, and carry out intersectoral action
	Assess health technologies
	Document, systematically monitor, and evaluate the actions of public health, through indicators
	Modify actions and processes in public health
	Promote community participation and pharmacists in social control and local management
	Disclose actions and results in public health
3.2: Competency area: Patient care	•
Receive patient	Identify the needs, in a humanistic way, taking responsibility for continuity of care and enabling the
1	establishment of patient/professional relationships/service
	Review and proceed to patient risk stratification
	Identify situations requiring pharmacist intervention, based on the defined criteria, and provide
	continuity of health care
	Identify alerts for patient referrals and refer to another professional or health service as required
	Document the patient encounter (collection of information)
Identify the patient's needs and problems	Do pharmaceutical anamnesis (i.e., procedure for collecting data about patients, performed by a
in health	pharmacist, through an interview, in order to know their health history, elaborate the
	pharmacotherapeutic profile, and identify their health-related needs)
	Check clinical parameters, through realization of semiotechnique, rapid tests, the application and
	interpretation of clinical laboratory tests and pharmacokinetic parameters
	Assess risk and vulnerability of the patient
	Assess pharmacotherapy, considering the needs, access, effectiveness, safety, and convenience, as well as
	the legal and technical aspects of prescription
	Evaluate previous experiences, medication-use process, and therapeutic itineraries of patients
	Analyze the information by clinical reasoning based on scientific evidence, to identify signs and symptom
	characteristic of self-limited health conditions, other health conditions not controlled or that require
	diagnosis, as well as adverse events related to medicines
	Communicate effectively to the patient and, where relevant, with the caregiver, family, and other professionals, the needs and health problems
	Document the needs and health problems

**Appendix 2 (part 2 of 3):** Extract from competency matrix for clinical pharmacist practice. © 2016 Brazilian Federal Council of Pharmacy. Translation from original Portuguese. Reproduced with permission.

Competency Area and Key Actions	Skills/Performance/Tasks
Develop health care plan	Set in line with public policy the type of health care: providing pharmaceutical services, to produce a
	matrix support for health care and/or refer the patient to another health professional or service
	Select conducts (e.g., selection of products as pharmacological approaches, or other interventions, such
	as a selection of non-pharmacological therapies as well as referral to other professional services, requesting
	patient exams for the patient, family, and community) based on scientific evidence in order to address the needs and/or problems health identified
	Build the care plan agreed with the patient and articulate with the health care team
D.C. i	Contribute or participate in the decision-making team on pharmacotherapy
Perform interventions set out in the care plan	Refer patients for care from another health professional, in coordination with the health system
	Provide screening health
	Promote and do health education
	Dispense medicines and other health products
	Manage self-limited health problems (responsible self-medication)
	Prescribe pharmacological measures, non-pharmacological and other interventions related to health care
	Provide therapeutic drug monitoring
	Perform medication reconciliation
	Provide medication review
	Provide disease management
	Manage medication therapy
	Determine clinical parameters
	Administer medications and vaccines
	Match the prescription, medicine use, and patient's routine (drug scheduling), guide and/or organize
	the medicines
	Make small bandages
	Communicate effectively to the patient and, where relevant, to the caregiver, family, and other
	professionals, the relevant news regarding treatment
	Document health care interventions
Evaluate the results of interventions	Check the results and, where appropriate, revise the care plan and establish new clinical conducts
	Assess the impact of interventions, considering indicators
3.3: Competency area: Organization	
and management of services, professional and personal development for health	
care provision	
Recognize and evaluate the organization	Analyze the normative organization and structural policy
of health services and their integration	Map and examine health care networks
with the health care networks	Perform territorialization and mapping in health
	Identify potentialities of intersectoral action
	Evaluate work processes, health services, organization of health care networks
Perform communication and management	Understand and develop effective communication with patients, family, caregiver, community, other
of health information technology, as well	health care professionals, among others
of neutrh information technology, as well as do work with cultural competence	Manage conflicts
	Establish empathy and bond
	Perform effective communication in difficult situations
	Know and use information technology in pharmaceutical services
	Know and establish the strategies for database searching
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	Evaluate, develop, evaluate and apply materials for health education
	Disseminate information and knowledge
	Act, taking into account socioeconomic, political, cultural, environmental, ethnic and racial aspects, gender identity, sexual orientation, the needs of society as well as regional characteristics

**Appendix 2 (part 3 of 3):** Extract from competency matrix for clinical pharmacist practice. © 2016 Brazilian Federal Council of Pharmacy. Translation from original Portuguese. Reproduced with permission.

Competency Area and Key Actions	Skills/Performance/Tasks
Manage people	Motivate and manage people taking into account socioeconomic, political, cultural, environmental, ethnic, racial, gender identity, sexual orientation, society's needs and regional characteristics
	Organize time and schedule
	Lead and work as a team
	Set targets/indicators for processes of people management
Donald Additional and Hondard Additional	Mediate and manage conflicts
Develop ethical and legal behaviours, as well as professional responsibility	Know, respect and act in accordance with legal, technical, ethical and bioethical principles involved in health care provision
Manage administrative and technical processes in health care	Identify demands/needs
	Promote security and certifying actions for quality and safety of processes
	Develop services, considering socioeconomic, political, cultural, environmental, ethnic and racial aspects, gender identity, sexual orientation, the needs of society as well as regional characteristics
	Plan and execute the management of projects and processes committed to sustainability and environmental responsibility
	Manage residues
	Promote an effective and safe working environment
	Document process
Manage one own's practice (knowledge	Identify gaps in knowledge
and continuing education)	Know and establish the strategies for database searching
	Provide evidence-based critical analysis of information
	Develop lifelong learning practices
	Produce and disseminate information and knowledge
	Know, apply and adapt methodologies of teaching and learning, and its assessments in professional practice
	Promote research and innovation in the healthcare area
	Develop the ability to self-learning, self-evaluation and self-management
Manage public health policies	Understand and interpret public policies
	Participate in the consultative and deliberative processes of policies elaboration
	Formulate, implement and evaluate public policies